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Large, Sweet, Delicious. The First of the Season.

CAN BE FOUND THIS MORNING AT

THE LEADING CASH MARKET.

Also Native Green Beans, Wax Beans, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Egg Plant, Beet Greens, and a great variety of other vegetables all received fresh this morning.

SPRING CHICKENS, SPRING CHICKENS,

To broil or roast, Young Turkeys, Fowl, Spring Lamb, Veal, etc.

Penobscot River Salmon.

They have this morning the finest assortment in the market line to be found east of Boston.

Call to day and select your dinner and order some of those delicious Telephone Peas at

LYNCH'S, : Exchange St.

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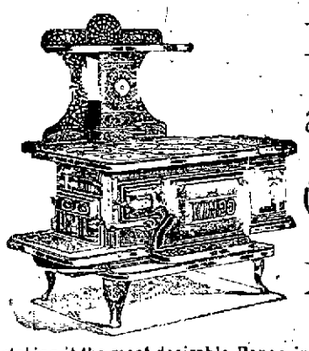

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Making it the most desirable Range in the Market. Never fails to work Satisfaction guaranteed.

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C. W. COFFIN'S, - 19 Main Street, Bangor, Me.

Send or write for Butterick's latest sheet and Summer Cat. my27 MWF

FREE to the SICK.

The Celebrated Staff of Blood and Nerve Specialists,

The Doctors of Rational Medicine

Will make their Second Visit to Bangor,

WEDNESDAY, July 10th, to SUNDAY, July 14th.

Offices at the BANGOR HOUSE.

Free for Five Days Only.

Owing to the large number of people who were unable to see them during their first visit the Doctors have consented to extend their FREE OFFER.

All who visit these eminent physicians on or before SUNDAY, July 14th, will receive consultation, examination, all medical services and surgical treatment absolutely

FREE UNTIL CURED.

THE OBJECT OF THIS FREE SERVICE is to become quickly acquainted with the sick; also to demonstrate the superior excellence of this method of treating all diseases of a chronic or long-standing nature. The doctors feel assured that the grateful endorsements of the many who will be relieved and cured will give a quick and extended practice that will amply repay for this great outlay of time and money. Although all diseases of a chronic, long standing, obscure or difficult nature are treated, and many so called incurable diseases are cured, it should be thoroughly understood that if after a thorough examination, your case is found to be incurable, you will so be told so frankly, and the right to reject all such cases will be reserved by the consulting physician

ALL DISEASES AND DEFORMITIES TREATED.

CATARRH CURED—Consumption in the incipient stage, bronchitis, asthma, rheumatism, diseases of the nose, throat, lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys, scrofula, sores, ulcers and all chronic blood troubles, eczema, psoriasis, pimples, blotches, and all skin troubles treated and cured.

NERVOUS DISEASES—Nervous Debility from any cause, hysteria, neurasthenia, chorea, St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, etc.; diseases of the spine, paralysis, locomotor ataxia, palsy, and all such diseases positively cured by his "TissueCell Building" Treatment.

DISEASES OF WOMEN—Ladies examined without exposure, and all diseases peculiar to their sex cured without the use of Rings, Pessaries, Supporters, etc., by new and pleasant home methods.

CANCERS, malignant tumors and growths, all enlargements and glandular swellings removed and cured without the use of a knife. No pain. No matter what disease you are suffering from or of how long standing; no matter how many or of how long standing; no matter how many physicians have failed to cure you, call on us. It will cost you nothing, and you may profit by it.

YOUNG MEN, middle-aged men, old men, weak, diseased, despondent men, men suffering from premature decay, exhausted and enfeebled powers, any or all diseases arising from habits of youth's early vices, indiscretions, excesses, etc., diseases causing losses, drains, weak or failing memory, blotches, pimples, impure blood, falling of the hair, etc., should call at once. By his improved methods and remedies such sufferers are guaranteed immediate relief and a perfect cure.

The Society of Rational Medicine,

Chartered and Incorporated by Special Act of Legislature June 10th, 1881.

The Doctors are members of the above Society and have been most aptly termed **the World's Greatest Experts.**

They point out, locate and describe every ache, pain and disagreeable feeling, more fully, clearly and explicitly than has ever been done by any physicians on earth, and better than the patients can themselves. They understand and explain diseases at a glance and historize its intricacy, progress and termination.

NO PERSON SHOULD DOCTOR ANY FURTHER OR TAKE ANY MORE MEDICINE BEFORE CONSULTING THEM.

Not only will callers be surprised at their wonderful knowledge of disease, their plain, concise explanation of every cause and effect, but at the marvelous rapidity with which their new, common sense, RATIONAL treatment goes to the very seat of the trouble, giving almost instant relief, and in all cases that have not progressed too far.

A PERFECT, ABSOLUTE AND PERMANENT CURE.

OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. to 8 P.M. Sundays, 10 to 4.

Hundreds of people flock to see these physicians at every place they visit, and those wishing to see them should go early to avoid disappointment. The Doctors will make 12 return visits to this city, notice of which will be given in this paper.

MAIN OFFICE for the New England States, No. 3 Haldane Street, Boston, Mass.

Where All Communications Should Be Sent.

THE DOCTORS WILL BE IN

ELLSWORTH, MONDAY, July 15th, at the AMERICAN HOUSE

DEXTER, TUESDAY, July 16, at the EXCHANGE HOTEL

BELFAST, WEDNESDAY, July 17, at the WINDSOR HOUSE

SKOWHEGAN, THURSDAY, July 18, at the HOTEL COBURN

WATERVILLE, FRIDAY, July 19, at the HOTEL ELMWOOD

AUGUSTA, July 20th and 21st, at the CONY HOUSE

IMMENSE CROWDS

A the Great Y. P. S. C. E. Meetings Thursday.

Denominational Gatherings Greatest of the Kind Ever Known.

Address of President Clark, the Founder of the Great Movement.

BOSTON, July 11. This afternoon the Christian Endeavorers met in denominational rallies in Mechanic's Hall, tents on the common and churches. Mechanic's Hall was filled with Presbyterians and Rev. George B. Stewart, D. D., of Harrisburg, Pa., presided. Rev. James T. Black, of East Boston, gave a welcome for the Boston Presbyterians churches. Secretary John W. Baer extended the welcome of the United Society to the Presbyterians as the leaders in missionary contributions. Rev. J. Henry Barrows, D. D., of Chicago, trustee of the United Society, responded.

President E. D. Warfield, of Lafayette College, spoke briefly on claims of higher education upon the Christian youth. In every college, he said life is purer and nobler, largely because the Christian Endeavor societies are sending to colleges young people full of love for God. The "Needs of the Presbyterian board of publication and Sabbath school work," were presented by J. Howard Broad, of Philadelphia. The Home Board of Missions was represented by Miss Elizabeth M. Wishard, of New York, Young People's secretary of women's executive committee, and Rev. Thronton B. Penfield, of New York, secretary of the young people's department.

Robert E. Spear, of New York, delivered an eloquent address on foreign missions. Rev. John P. Campbell, of Baltimore, spoke briefly on Presbyterian loyalty. Rev. J. A. Roudthaler, D. D., of Indianapolis, conducted an open parliament on Presbyterian Christian Endeavor. Resolutions were adopted pledging loyalty to the church and authorizing the chairman to appoint a committee to co-operate with a committee appointed at the last general assembly upon the relation of young people's societies to the church. Rev. John Pollock, of Glasgow, Scotland, presented the greetings of the Scottish National Christian Endeavor Union.

The Congregationa rally in Tent Williston was very large ly attended.

All available space was filled with people. W. H. Strong, of Detroit, Mich., presided. In calling the meeting to order he said it was probably the largest gathering of Congregationalists ever known in the world. Hon. S. E. Capen, chairman of the committee of 13, delivered a short address of welcome. William Shaw, of Boston, said Congregationalism needed fire and enthusiasm, but did not lack wisdom. Rev. Dwight Pratt, of the Williston Church, Portland, Maine, where the Christian Endeavor movement was born, said Congregationalism was born of the struggle for free thought and stands for an open and authoritative Bible.

Hon. Elijah Morse, of Canton, Mass., spoke of Congregationalism in its relation to civil freedom and civil government. Rev. J. W. A. Close, of New South Wales, spoke of the Christian Endeavor and Congregational movements in Australia. Miss Charlotte T. Sibley, of Belfast, Maine, spoke on the "Christian Endeavorers' duty to the home church." A number of other addresses were made, including several by Christian Endeavor State presidents from the West.

The Baptist rally was held at Tent Endeavor, which was densely crowded. Rev. H. C. Vedder, of Chicago, presided. Rev. L. A. Crandall, D. D., of Chicago, spoke on "Dangers to be met with in Christian Endeavor work"; Rev. Clarence A. Barbour, of Rochester, N. Y., gave an eloquent and telling address on "Good Citizenship." Rev. H. C. Mabie, foreign secretary of the American Baptist Missionary Union, dwelt upon the heroism shown in foreign missionary work.

At six this evening Mechanics' Hall was opened and within half an hour was so densely packed that the doors had to be closed. Thousands gathered before the building. An overflow meeting was held on the steps and the avenue, at which Rev. Henry Montgomery, of Belfast, Ireland; Rev. Mr. Pollock, of Glasgow, Scotland, and President F. E. Clark spoke.

Secretary John W. Baer presided in the hall, and George K. Somerby acted as musical director. After a brief praise and prayer service W. H. H. Smith, of Washington, D. C., extended to the convention an invitation to meet in the city next year.

Rev. Frances E. Clark, D. D., of Boston, president of the United Society, then read his annual report and was received with enthusiastic applause.

Francis E. Clark, D. D.

Judged by all standards it is no immodest statement that the Endeavor movement is a success. An organization which in fourteen years has grown from one society to forty thousand, from fifty-six members to nearly two million and a half; an organization that has belted the globe; that finds itself as much at home in Old England as in New England, under the Southern Cross as under the North Star, under the Dragon flag of China as under the stars and stripes of America, can claim surely to be no provincial and temporary expedient, but a world-wide, providential movement.

Especially is this true when it is remembered that this success has been achieved without any ecclesiastical patronage, such as has brought into existence and assiduously fostered other societies of the Endeavor type. That this success is no evanescent, temporary affair is shown by the fact that this year has been the year of greatest and most substantial growth, as well as of highest spiritual attainment, of any of the fourteen.

Our secretary's report told us of nearly 8000 societies added to the ranks with their half-million members, 500 full regiments of the young soldiers of the Lord marching on to victory.

But success brings its own responsibilities. If the crop is large, the duties of stewardship are also large. The greater the fortune, the greater the obligation to use it aright. The responsibility for the future of Christian Endeavor rests not with any leaders or officers or United Society or union, but with the Endeavorers themselves, in every one of the forty thousand societies the world around. What you make it, Endeavorers, the future of the society will be. Upon your modesty, teachableness, wisdom, devotion, aggressive zeal, depends the still larger success for which we pray to-night. What, then, are the providential responsibilities thrust upon Endeavorers by the very success of this movement? What is demanded of us by the very triumphs of this good year?

First. I would mention humble, unselfish devotion to the cause we represent, which is the cause of Christ.

Second. Past successes have all been won along the lines of fidelity and intensest loyalty; loyalty to God and his Word, loyalty to our individual churches and their interests. These very successes thrust upon us the same course for the future. In order that we may be more intelligently faithful, may I suggest that greater attention be paid to the study of God's Word, systematically and consecutively.

Third. The successes of the past have been due to certain distinctive principles which have come to be known as Christian Endeavor principles. This convention is not an agglomeration of all kinds of young people's societies. It is not a gathering of musical and literary and social and amusement societies. It is a convention of Christian Endeavor societies. The growth of these fourteen years is not a happy combination of odd elements which have come together by chance.

Fourth. But while the absolute necessity of keeping the movement "true to type," as the gardeners would say, is laid upon us, a necessity no less strenuous is ours to wisely follow the later providential paths which God has marked out.

To speak first of our efforts for a better citizenship. It behoves us to be very modest. I make no extravagant claims for the Christian Endeavor Society, but it is fair to say that the society has had no insignificant part in the general uprising of Christian people which has buried Tammany under fifty thousand white ballots in New York City and is now fighting an equally corrupt foe of another breed in the same State; which has voted for reform, fifty thousand strong, in Chicago; which is now engaged in cleansing the dirty streets and the dirtier politics of that and other cities; and which, in a hundred places, has awakened the civic conscience and purified a fetid political atmosphere.

Nor is it too much to say that the aroused interest in world-wide missions among Endeavorers has done something toward furnishing the army of volunteers, six full regiments, each a thousand strong, who are eager to march forward into the enemies' country, to do battle for the Captain of their salvation, whenever the churches shall furnish the "sinews of war."

Secretary Baer announced that the trustees had unanimously voted to hold the convention of '97 in San Francisco provided a satisfactory railroad rate could be obtained.

Evangelist Dwight L. Moody, of Northfield, was the last speaker. He said he hoped the Endeavorers would believe the whole Bible. No one who picked it to pieces could do much Christian work.

There were enormous crowds in and around Tent Williston, many being unable to obtain admission. Treasurer William Shaw, of Boston, presided. Rev. Tennis S. Hamlin, of Washington, D. C., spoke. President Clark's annual address was read by Rev. H. T. McEwen, Ph. D., D. D., of New York. Rev. Russell H. Conwell, D.D., LL. D., of Philadelphia, was the last speaker.

WHEELMEN'S MEET.

The National Championship Races at Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 11. The trials for the national championship this afternoon resulted as follows: Two mile League American Wheelmen, national championship trial heats, winners only to race in final heats, first heat won by C. R. Coulter, Toledo; time 5.14 1-5. Bald, Titus and Maddox were among the starters but were shut out by the field.

The second heat was won by Arthur Gar. The third heat was won by Nat Butler, of Boston; time 5.17 4-5. The fourth heat was won by E. Kiser, of Dayton, O.; time 5.57 3-5.

The fifth and sixth heats were run off together with the first two allowed to ride in the final. They were Harry Davidson, of Bradford, first, and B. B. Bird, second; time 5.21 1-5. The seventh heat was won by Harry Caldwell, of Manchester, N. H.; time 5.19. The ninth heat was won by William Terrill, of Syracuse; time 5.13 4-5.

In the two mile championship, class A and B rode together under the league rules, but the A men were outclassed. The class A men did nothing of unusual merit in their trials, only one of them, Harry Caldwell, of Manchester, N. H., qualifying for the championship.

The rain which fell this morning upon the trial heats ceased before the afternoon's work. There was a big crowd present. Notables were present by scores. The racing was of a high order and unexpectedly free from accidents. The novice race. C. C. Dirnberger, of Buffalo, won. Walter Douglass, the champion swimmer of America, who is becoming a class A crack, took the second mile handicap.

Tom Butler, of Cambridgeport, Mass., should have had the half mile class A open. After winning his heat he was obliged to start at once in the final and run second to Ertz, of New York, in a driving finish.

The class A tandem events were pretty but rather tame.

The main interest lay in the single professional event. Zimmerman and Wheeler paced on a tandem which Fred St. Onge caught, with Berlo, Starbuck, Eaton, Bartholomew, Cutter and McCurdy tagging on in order. The race was too hot and St. Onge fell at the three-quarters. Berlo did the rest alone.

The best races and liveliest performances were seen in the class B contests. Bald, McDonald, Titus and Gardiner were left to fight it out in three races—a half mile, a mile open and the two mile national championship.

COOL PROCEEDING.

Bold, Bad Bicyclists Hold Up Two Persons and Secure Booty.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., July 11. Mr. and Mrs. James Britt have reported to the police that on Friday night they were held up by two foot pads who rode bicycles on the Patterson road in Brookdale and were robbed of $81,700 in cash, besides some jewelry. Mr. Britt says that he and his wife were out for a pleasure ride and as darkness was coming on they turned their horse's head homeward. When they got to within about 300 feet of the Morris canal bridge they noticed two bicycle riders who had previously overtaken and passed them, standing in the middle of the road.

When the carriage came up one of the men cried out to Mr. Britt: "Hold up," and each of the footpads displayed a revolver. Mrs. Britt was compelled to hand over a pair of diamond ear rings, a large cluster diamond ring and a necklace, while Mr. Britt was relieved of his watch and chain and his purse. When the robbers had secured the valuables Mr. Britt gave his horse a cut with the whip and drove away rapidly in the direction of Paterson.

The thieves remounted their wheels and went off in the direction of Bloomfield. Mr. Britt soon after met a party of farmers and told them what had happened. Horses were secured and a pursuit of the bicycle riders was began. After a chase of two miles the pursuit was given up. Both Mr. and Mrs. Britt have given minute descriptions of the robbers to the police and the description has been sent to all towns in the vicinity.

YALE UNWILLING

To Race With Cornell After Latter's Recent Performances.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 11. Several Yale athletic advisers here assert that after the erratic performances of the Cornell crew in England, no Yale-Cornell race will be arranged this year.

FAIR

And Warmer To-day.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU.

WASHINGTON, July 1, 8 P. M.

Indications:

For New England: Friday, fair, warmer, southerly winds.

Local Forecast.

BOSTON, July 11. For New England: Friday, fair, warmer, southwest winds.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Same Old Story Only a Little More Of It.

Wheeler Sulks and Proves an Easy Mark for the Pawtucket Men.

All Maine Teams Lose---Remarkable 16 Inning Game in Big League.

New England League.

[Special despatch to the Whig and Courier.]

PAWTUCKET, R. I., July 11. The home team did nothing but slug to-day and Wheeler was an easy mark. The record of 32 base hits is good for the season. In the fifth inning 18 men went to the bat and 14 runs were scored, 11 of them earned. Haywood was effective in the last four innings. Yeager led at the bat with five hits out of five times up, but Waldron did the heaviest hitting. Davis got a home run. Attendance 500. The score:

Pawtuckets.

	A.B.	R.	B.	T.B	P.O.	A.	E.
Waldron, rf	7	7	5	10	1	0	1
Whiting, cf	8	4	6	8	3	0	0
Hanivan, ss	7	2	1	3	1	4	3
Davis, 1b	5	3	4	7	15	0	0
Daley, 3b	7	1	0	0	2	5	0
Yeager, c	6	5	5	6	5	0	0
Barton, lf	6	4	4	4	1	0	0
Lang, 2b	7	4	5	8	2	4	0
Kelly, p	7	4	4	5	0	2	0
	60	32	32	46	27	16	4

Bangors.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Sharrott, rf, p	5	0	1	3	0	0	1
Henry, lf	6	2	2	3	1	0	1
Judd, ss	5	1	1	1	1	6	0
Deady, cf	6	0	2	3	1	1	0
Hayes, c	5	0	2	2	4	0	0
O'Brien, 1b	4	0	0	0	10	0	0
Wheeler, p	2	1	1	1	0	1	0
G. Moore, 3b, rf	5	1	2	2	1	1	1
R. Moore, 2b	5	1	1	1	2	7	1
Haywood, 3b, p	5	3	2	3	1	3	0
Totals	48	9	14	19	27	19	4

Innings 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Pawtucket 3 2 0 4 1 0 0 2 1—13

Bangors 1 0 5 1 0 0 1 0 0 2—9

Earned runs, Pawtucket 22; Bangor 2. Home run, Davis. Three base hits, Waldron, Hanivan; Sharrott. Two base hits, Waldron 3, Whiting, Yeager, Lang, Kelly; Henry, Deady, Haywood. Stolen bases, Waldron, Whiting 3, Hanivan, Davis 2, Yeager, Barton, Lang 3, Kelly; Henry. First base on balls, by Kelly, Sharrott, Henry, Judd 2, O'Brien; by Wheeler, Waldron, Hanivan, Yeager, Barton; by Sharrott, Daley; by Haywood, Yeager. First base on errors, Pawtucket 3; Bangor 4. Hit by pitched ball, by Haywood, Davis. Passed balls, Yeager; Hayes. Wild pitch, Kelly. Struck out, by Kelly, O'Brien, Sharrott, Hayes; by Haywood, Lang Hanivan. Double plays, Daley and Lang; G. Moore, R. Moore and O'Brien. Umpire, Gray. Time 2h, 25m.

Fall River Hit Sullivan Hard.

FALL RIVER, July 11. Fall River defeated Portland in an uninteresting and one sided game to-day. Sullivan, the ex-league player, was hit hard and often.

Fall River	2	1	0	1	5	2	0	0	0	—11
Portland	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	—7

Hits—Fall River 17; Portland 10. Errors—Fall River 5, Portland 5. Batteries—Ferson and Rollins; Sullivan and Terrien.

New Bedford's Walk-over With Lewiston.

NEW BEDFORD, July 11. The home team had a walk-over with Lewiston to-day. The visitors' fielding was miserable.

New Bedford	1	0	5	2	4	0	0	3	3	—15
Lewistons	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Hits—New Bedford 17; Lewiston 6. Errors—New Bedford 1; Lewiston 6. Batteries—Sullivan and Murphy; Vian and Crisham.

A Good Game at Brockton.

BROCKTON, July 11. The home team won to-day by hitting the ball at the right time. The game was characterized by fine pitching and clever fielding.

Brockton	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	x	—4
Augusta	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1

Hits—Brockton, 9; Augusta, 4. Errors—Brockton, 1; Augusta, 2. Batteries—Korwan and Shea; Dilworth and Kelley.

New England League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per Cent.
Fall River	42	12	54	.778
New Bedford	35	17	52	.673
Brockton	28	26	54	.519
Pawtucket	26	26	51	.490
Bangor	24	30	54	.444
Lewiston	22	32	54	.407
Portland	22	36	58	.379
Kennebecs	20	39	59	.338

National League.

PITTSBURG, July 11. Hawley was hit for two bases in the sixth to-day with two men on bases and the double virtually won the game for Pittsburg. Brooklyn took a batting streak in the eighth and ninth and hit Hawley safely five times.

Pittsburg	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	—5
Brooklyns	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	—4

Hits—Pittsburg, 12; Brooklyn, 10. Errors—Pittsburg, 2; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries—Hawley and Merritt; Lucid and Grim.

A Remarkable Game of 16 Innings at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 11. By far the greatest exhibition of the great national game ever seen in Louisville was witnessed at the National League Park. The game was full of excitement. In the eighth Spies drove a liner at Dolan, which struck him in the stomach and nearly put him out of the game. In the 14th McCarthy struck Spies in the jaw for interference and Spies went after him but further trouble was prevented by Umpire McDonald, who put both men out of the game.

Louisvilles	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Boston	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Hits—Louisville, 11. Boston, 12. Errors—Louisville, 2; Boston, 3. Batteries—McDermott and Warner; Donahue and Ryan.

Giants Win at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 11. The New Yorks batted to-day when hits counted and were helped out by costly errors and bases on balls. The game was exciting up to the seventh.

New Yorks	3	0	3	1	0	0	1	3	4	—15
Clevelands	0	1	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	—9

Hits—New York, 16; Cleveland, 18. Errors—New York, 4; Cleveland, 3. Batteries—Gorman and Wilson; Cuppy, Wallace and O'Connor.

Anson an Easy Victim.

CHICAGO, July 11. Chicago was an easy thing for the champions to-day. The locals could do nothing with Hemming and he received magnificent support.

Baltimore	0	6	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	—13
Chicago	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Hits—Baltimore, 18; Chicago, 7. Errors—Baltimore, 6; Chicago, 7. Batteries—Hemming and Clark; Hutchinson, Thornton and Donohue.

Phillies Easy Winners.

ST. LOUIS, July 11. The Browns could not hit Carsey to-day and the Philadelphias batted Ehret at will, winning with ease.

Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	3	0	4	1	0	—9
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2

Hits—Philadelphias, 14; St. Louis, 6. Errors—Philadelphias, 1; St. Louis, 4. Batteries—Ehret and Miller; Carsey and Buckley.

Eastern League.

At Providence—Providence, 5; Wilkesbarre, 7.

At Springfield—First game, Springfield, 3; Scranton, 1. Second game, Springfield, 18; Scranton, 4.

Other Games.

At Rockland—South Portland, 0; Rockland, 20.

SHOT IN JEALOUS RAGE.

Woman Kills Another Who Was Walking With Former's Husband.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 11. Mrs. John Overall was probably fatally shot by Mrs. Clarence Chaffins last night. Mrs. Chaffins learned early in the evening that her husband had been seen walking on the leading thoroughfare of the city in company with Mrs. Overall. She secured a loaded revolver and went in pursuit. She saw the couple just as they were boarding an electric car. She entered it and fired three times at Mrs. Overall, when her husband wrenched the weapon away as she was attempting to fire again.

Two balls took effect in Mrs. Overall's right breast and a third entered her mouth, coming out near her right ear. Mrs. Chaffins was arrested and the victim was removed to a hotel in a dying condition. Mrs. Overall had only been married a few weeks, her husband being in Covington, Ky., for the present. Mrs. Chaffins is one of the leading women of the city and a sister of Councilman Chaffins, a prominent politician.

A SENSATION.

Directly Makes Fast Mile for Three Year Olds.

LACROSSE, Wis., July 11. At the races here to-day, the sensation was Direct, a mile in 2.10½, the three years old pacing world's record for colts.

SOUND MONEY.

Important Question Discussed at Saratoga.

New York State Bankers' Association Takes a Decided Stand.

Favors a Commission to Recommend to Congress a Currency System.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 11. At today's session of the New York State Bankers' Association Hon. Michael H. Harter, of Ohio, made an address on "Sound Money." He said: "We can have but one standard of money at one time and thus we select that which is the most convenient, most preferable, gold."

H. W. Yates, President of the Nebraska National Bank, of Omaha, paid his respects to the free silver men and the result in the recent State Democratic convention in Kentucky was a cheering sign for the sound money side.

Mr. Yates thought a desperate attempt would be made to capture the Republican national convention for the free silver side. He said there could be no return of the prosperity to which this country is entitled until this threatened danger to all commercial and manufacturing enterprises is eliminated from political discussions.

Several others spoke. The committee on sound money submitted a report in favor of sound money. The report demanded a currency based on the highest standard known to the sisterhood of nations. The report was adopted.

A resolution was adopted favoring the appointment of a commission, under the authority of Congress, composed of experts and business men whose duty it shall be to report to Congress for its consideration a comprehensive currency system adapted to the commercial interests of this nation. The convention adjourned.

KILLED HIS WIFE

And Fatally Stabbed Himself, the Story From Butler, N. J.

BUTLER, N. J., July 11. This morning Daniel Ackerman, a resident of Smith Mills, stabbed his wife and then himself with a pocket knife. Mrs. Ackerman died in a short time and Ackerman is dying. His wife left him some time ago and went to New York State with another man.

THREE BOYS DROWNED.

They Fall off a Wall into the Water.

WOONSOCKET, R. I. July 11. In Slatersville yesterday afternoon three boys, Edward Rippett, aged 6; John Keegan, aged 5 and John McGuill, aged 5, lost their lives by drowning. It is supposed that one of the children lost his balance and in falling off the wall 20 feet high tried to save himself by grasping the others, thereby causing all three to lose their lives.

COLORED VOTERS

Of South Carolina Issue an Address to the People.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 11. A state conference of about one hundred of the representative negroes of the state, which met in the state senate chamber yesterday to discuss the outlook for their race in connection with the coming constitutional convention, adopted a long address to the people of the United States, in which they say: "We have used every means in defence of our constitutional rights and franchises known to the law abiding citizens in this state without effect, and, as a last resort, we are forced to call upon the strong arm of the national government for a defence of the rights granted and guaranteed by itself."

The address attributes the increase of murders and lynchings to the disregard for law which the party in power has displayed, and continues:

"As the facts of history themselves prove, we deny that there has ever been a desire or attempt on our part to dominate the government. With the large body of us voting, most of whom are illiterate and poor, there is not as much danger of our controlling the government as there is of the laboring classes in Massachusetts, New York or Pennsylvania, who with unlimited suffrage do not control, while we are entitled to participation in the government commensurate with our wealth and intelligence.

"Representation is only a secondary consideration compared with our right to retain our right of suffrage which cannot be annuled by any constitutional means."

The address pledges the colored voters to the fair minded white people of the State that are willing to aid them in overthrowing the small but designing clique in possession of the government if that be asked of them.

MURDER CHARGED.

A Young Italian Arrested in New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 11. Joseph Arom, aged 16, an Italian, was placed under arrest this afternoon by Coroner Mix charged with the murder of Joseph Lavelle, aged 25, of Birmingham. The body of Lavelle was found in the Housatonic river on the afternoon of July 2. It has been learned that Lavelle was assaulted in a saloon in Birmingham on the afternoon of June 30 by Arom and two others. The supposition is that he was killed in a row and his body placed in the river to convey the impression that he had met death by drowning.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, July 11. Money easy, 1@1½; last loan, 1; closing 1.

Prime Mercantile paper 3½@4.

Bar Silver, 66¾.

Mexican Dollars, 53¾.

Sterling Exchange—strong, 4.89@4.89½ for 60 day bills; 4.90@4.90¼ demand.

Government bonds firm.

Railroad bonds strong.

STOCKS.

Atchison	10¾	Northwestern	98¾
Adams Express	147	preferred	144
American Express	113	N. Y. Central	100¾
Boston & Maine	174¾	N. Y. Chic. & St. L.	16
Central Pacific	18¾	preferred	60
Ches. & Ohio	21¾	N. Y. & N. E.	50¾
Chicago & Alton	157	Ohio & Miss.	20
preferred	170	Old Colony	179
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	85¾	Ont. & Westn	17¾
Del. Hudson	130¾	Pacific Mail	28¾
Del. Lack.	157	Pullman Palace	172
Den. & Rio Grande	15	Reading	17¾
Erie	10¾	Rock Island	71¾
preferred	23	St. Paul	68¾
Ills. Central	98¾	preferred	128
Lake Erie & Westn	25¾	St. Paul & Omaha	38¾
Lake Shore	146¾	preferred	118¾
Louisville & Nash.	59¾	St. Paul Min. & Man.	116¾
Maine Central	188	Sugar	102¾
Mexican Central	11¾	Texas Pacific	13
Mich. Cen.	100¾	Union Pacific	13
Minn. & St. L.	20	U. S. Express	41
preferred	82¾	Wabash, St. L. & Pac.	8¾
Mo. Pacific	32¾	preferred	19¾
N. J. Central	101¾	Western Union	91¾
Northern Pacific	4¾		
preferred	17¾		

BONDS.

4s reg	113 @113¾	Erie Seconds	87
4s coup	113¾@18	Kan. Pac. Consols	71¾
U. S. 2s	97	Oregon Nav 1sts	111
Central Pacific 1sts	109	Union Pacific	106¾
Ban. & Rio. G. 1sts	113	No. Pac. con 2s	41¾

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, July 11. FLOUR—Receipts 19,556 pkgs; exports, 9,394 bbls; 12,674 sacks; sales, 8,800; dull; quiet; weak. Winter wheat, low grades, 2.70@3.30; fair to fancy, 3.35@4.00; patents, 4.20@4.25; Minnesota clear, 3.25@3.50; straights, 3.80@4.25; patents, 3.90@4.50; Low extras 2.50@3.30; City Mills, 4.10@4.60; City Mill patents, 4.60@5.00; rye mixtures, 2.90@3.15; superfine, 2.00@2.90; fine, 3.15@3.40.

SOUTHERN FLOUR—dull, weak.

RYE FLOUR—quiet; steady.

CORN MEAL—quiet; steady.

RYE—nominal.

WHEAT—Receipts 76,975, exports 15,625; sales 90,000; dull; higher; firm. No. 2 Red, store and elevator, 70@70¾; afloat, 71¾@69; f. o. b. 70¾@72; No. 1 Northern, 74@6.

CORN—Receipts 110,100; exports 51,414; sales 90,000; dull; scarce; firmer. No. 2 43¾@60 elevator; afloat, 46¾@60; steamer mixed, 60@60.

OATS—Receipts 10,300; exports 31,304; sales 70,000 dull; firm. No. 2 27@27½; white, 33¾@33½; No. 3, 26¾@00; white, 28@29; mixed western, 23@29; white do, 28@29; white State, 33@39; No. 2 Chicago, 28@28¾.

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, July 11. FLOUR—dull; easy.

WHEAT—lower; No. 2 spring, 65¾@68¼; No. 2 Red, 68¼@69¾.

CORN—No. 2, 44¼@45¾.

OATS—No. 2, 23¾@00.

No. 2 Rye—48@00.

THOUSANDS HOMELESS

From a Fearful Fire in German Village.

Many Inhabitants Lost Their Lives in Trying to Save Goods.

A Large Number of Buildings Destroyed by the Fierce Flames.

BERLIN, July 11. A disastrous conflagration occurred to-day at Brotterode village.

Three hundred and fifty houses were destroyed. Ten of the villagers were killed while seeking to rescue valuables. Two thousand persons are homeless.

THE Y. P. U.

Interesting Gathering Held in Boston on Thursday.

BOSTON, July 11. The sixth annual convention of the Young People's Christian Union of the Universalist church was called to order to

...ig and Courier.

BY BOUTELLE BROTHERS.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle Brothers, and communications intended for publication, should be addressed "Editor of Whig and Courier."

FRIDAY JULY 12 1895

The Democratic managers in Kentucky have withdrawn Senator Blackburn from the stump on account of his free silver views. The amusing feature of this performance is found in the fact that the candidate for Governor is as radical a free silver man as Senator Blackburn. Do they propose to muzzle him also?

A Washington correspondent in close relation with treasury officials writes: "A new revenue law may be necessary to prevent a deficit for the next year or two, but it seems probable that a surplus will then begin to accumulate again. Yet it does seem probable that two years from now with a Republican administration the surplus will then begin to accumulate again. Deficits will disappear with the Democratic administration. Of that there is no room for doubt."

While the New York *Herald* is shouting for the Nicaragua tariff as a splendid vindication of Democracy the Atlanta Constitution reminds its enthusiastic contemporaries that Cleveland refused to sign the law as passed and adds that it is a downright repudiation of the Chicago platform. As the *Herald* has been claiming the revival of business that has taken place since the election of a Republican House is the fruit of the new tariff, it now puts the position of tacitly admitting that a repudiation of Democratic principles is essential to returning prosperity.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Maxwell the head man of the present Administration thinks it is time for the Democrats to get together and suggest that the President call a conference of Democrats "for the purpose of harmonizing the factions." It would be mighty little use to try and get any of Democrats to confer with the President as to the form of party. The suggestion made by Mr. Maxwell that if Senator Hill and Murphy and the rest of the old fossils would get out of the way and let a few young men come to the front the Democratic party in New York, is not friendly calculated to inspire hardy. The friends of the gentlemen named ought to inquire why is it that Cleveland does not step aside instead of hanging for still another nomination.

The Detroit Journal exhausted their energies in issuing a financial statement for the first of July. In that statement both facts and figures were fearfully warped in order to present as the result of Democratic capacity for management a condition of affairs which could only be brought about by the grossest abuse of power. The statement was too much for the public stomach to swallow and consequently the receipts for the first five days of the present month aggregated nearly $1,000,000 less than they became a fad for the Cleveland Administration to charge any unusual expenditure to "pensions." Just watch the pension figures coming in and there is no opportunity to call attention to their size. This, however, is not true of the deficiency. Whether the pension payments be large or small has nothing to do with the mismanagement of the financial affairs of the government. A Democratic Congress knew what the old soldiers and their widows and orphans were entitled to under the law, and if they could have made provision for the payment in some manner they were interested to the interest on the National debt but the excuse can readily be seen that they did not know that the President of the United States and the Secretary of the Treasury would run the interest charges on the National debt to $1,000,000 per annum. The pension payments are the same this year as they have been in the past years. There is no mystery about the pension total. The interest account, however, has been increased by bond.

The public records therefore simply show that the revenue and the daily statements show to the country that the Democrats have not provided revenue sufficient to meet the obligations of the Government. Under republican control there was a plan of not only to pay promptly all the departments running without deficiency appropriations, to meet all the current charges to reduce the National debt but to deposit from forty to fifty millions in the sinking fund every year. Since Grover Cleveland was elected to the Presidency not a dollar has been paid out to the sinking fund the National debt has been increased, payment of the departments has frequently been delayed until the third annual deficiency is now in the process of its unhealthy birth.

Our Best Market at Home.

Our unanointed contemporaries, the free trade newspapers, are once more gone to bed with an overpowering desire to get first and sell the markets of the world says the New York *Morning Advertiser*. The markets bounded by Canada on the north and Mexico on the south seem exceedingly meager and worthless to these ambitious souls. They yearn for conquest. They want to overthrow the stringent protective tariffs of France, Germany, Italy and Austria, and sell American goods in competition with the products of labor paid less than one-third the American rate of wages. The esteemed New York *Herald* which is perhaps the most vehement of these visionary journals, declares:

"We must push the export trade or sink back into the bog of overproduction and commercial depression. All our manufacturers must quickly wake up to this fact and put their best foot foremost," making a concerted struggle to sell their goods abroad, even if at first the profits are insignificant.

If it is not asking too much, we should feel greatly obliged if the *Herald* would favor us with a few facts and figures showing why the home market of seventy millions of American consumers has suddenly become of no account. In 1892, when the country was experiencing the full benefits of the protective principle, exemplified in the McKinley law, the home market was found extensive enough to tax the energies of our manufacturers to the utmost to supply its demands. And yet, in spite of the fact that every factory in the country was busy over-time to fill orders, several hundred million dollars' worth of foreign manufactured goods were imported in that year and were bought and paid for by American consumers.

It is true that the past two years of financial panic and industrial stagnation caused by the Democratic effort to obliterate protection reduced the purchasing power of American citizens by discouraging investments of capital and diminishing the stream of wages which is the life current of trade. But manifestly it would be absurd to estimate the consuming capacity of this nation by this record. The actual test of the ability of the American people to purchase manufactured products is found in the operations of the year 1892 before the country's industries were struck by the Cleveland blight. And that test shows conclusively that when the home market is adequately protected and wages kept at their normal point there is no danger of general overproduction.

No doubt an export trade is an excellent thing. The Republican party has always been an advocate of selling American goods abroad whenever it could be done without sacrificing the domestic market. When it had the power to enact legislation under the Administration of Benjamin Harrison it framed a series of reciprocity treaties with the peoples of Latin America which resulted in a tremendous increase of exports from our shores to the rich countries to the southward. Our sales of American products in Cuba under this system grew in less than two years from $11,000,000 to $24,000,000 annually. Yet one of the first things the Democratic party did when it gained control of the Government, was to smash these reciprocity treaties and politely hand the trade of Cuba and the South American continent over to Great Britain.

When Republicanism again assumes national authority, as it surely will in 1897, legislation looking to the re-establishment of reciprocity will be speedily passed. But while exports of American manufactures in this direction may prove a valuable outlet, no sales abroad can equal by one hundredth part the importance of that magnificent home market which consumes three-fourths of all the wool grown in the world which uses more than one-half of all the iron and steel which the world produces, which requires more than one-half of the world's railway cars to transport its freight, and which, under protective legislation, is certain to increase immeasurably in its wealth, its various demands and its capacity for consumption.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Norombega Sportsmen's Club.

A meeting of the Norombega Sportsmen's Club will be held on MONDAY EVEN'G, July 15 at 7:30 o'clock, at the office of D. L. S. Chilcott, Hammond Street, at which a full and punctual attendance is desired.

Per Order Executive Committee.

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Notice to Builders.

Sealed proposals addressed to the Building Committee for a School House with the name of the bidder endorsed upon the outside will be received at the office of Wilfred E. Haines, Architect, Winchenbach & Clark's Block, Bangor, Maine until Thursday, July 25, 1895 at 12 o'clock noon, for building a brick and stone school building for the City of Bangor. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the architect.

The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals not considered for the interest of the city. Proposals will be received from residents of Bangor only.

CHARLES J. SNOW,
Chairman Building Committee.

Bangor July 8 1895 jy9 3w Concorp

SOMETHING NEW AND NOBBY

POCKET KODAKS

Just received. Call and see them. Also the popular

BULLS EYE CAMERA in two sizes

MARSTON & GORHAM
No. 3 STATE STREET
Telephone No 113-4 jy8

Notice.

There is nothing better in the world than doing good, says a circular before us. No husband or father, no matter having any one dependent upon him, can do more good in any direction, than by insuring his life in favor of those whom it is his duty to protect.

H. N. FAIRBANKS,
General Agent,
THE
Connecticut Mutual Life Ins. Co.
21 Main Street, - - Bangor Me.

Water Rates

For the ensuing quarter will be due and payable on the First Day of July and if not paid on or before July 30th TEN PER CENT additional will be charged.

Office open evenings between 7 and 9 o'clock from July 1st to 15th inclusive.

W. J. BROWN,
Water Collector.

jy1 1w

LOWEST RATES

—FOR—

[illegible]

can always be had in reliable companies at the

GENERAL AGENCY

—OF—

Blake, Barrows & Brown,

9 Central Street, Bangor.

jun24

SECOND HAND

Are at Work. Insure your Valuables against burglary and fire by renting a box at a small cost in the

Safe Deposit Vaults

—OF—

Eastern Trust & Banking Co.

Private rooms to examine boxes accessible during business hours from 9 to 3.

my20 6m

INVEST IN

The Best Securities

Paying 4 to 5 per cent. Interest, and approved by the Laws of Maine as legal investments for Maine Savings Banks and Trusts, which are for sale at lowest prices by

CROSBY & MERRILL,

BANKERS,

And Proprietors of the

Bangor Safe Deposit Vaults,

No. 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK,

BANGOR, MAINE.

Correspondence Solicited. All Business Strictly Confidential.

apr6

State of Maine.

Penobscot ss.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, Bangor, July 1st, 1895.

Charles J. Hutchings, of Brewer, James D. Rice and George H. Worster, of Bangor, as the County and Estate Commissioners, have filed in this office, notice of their intention to apply at the August Term of said Court, 1895, for Allowance to the Bar.

CHAS. P. SWEET, Clerk.

jy3 3tc

THE

Weekly Whig and Courier

Established in 1834.

IS THE

Only Morning Daily

IN EASTERN MAINE

Receiving the

Full Telegraphic Despatches

Of the Associated and United Press

which has its correspondents in every part of the habitable globe, who furnish the

Earliest and Most Reliable

intelligence of all matters of public interest in our own and foreign lands

Everybody Looks to the Whig

or the most trustworthy information and all objectionable matter is carefully excluded from its columns, so that it is the favorite

Newspaper for the Home

as well as for the Counting room and general reading.

Price, $8.00 per Annum,

Invariably in advance.

Bangor's Cheap Paper

THE

Bangor Daily Whig and Courier

Established in 1814.

Continues to be

THE BEST FAMILY NEWSPAPER

having all the advantage of the unrivalled telegraphic service of the Daily edition, up to the hour of going to press and furnishing every week

Forty-Eight Columns

of Reading Matter,

embracing current, domestic and foreign news, market reports, agricultural intelligence, choice stories and miscellaneous selections, making it preeminently the best.

PAPER FOR THE FARM AND HOME.

The Publishers continue to furnish

Six Pages with Every Issue,

but have put the subscription at the low rate of

$1.00 per Annum.

Invariably in Advance

Published by

BOUTELLE BROTHERS,

No. 1 Exchange Street,

BANGOR, MAINE.

CLOSING OUT A LOT OF

Folding Camp Chairs

for Lawns or Verandas

—AT—

17c EACH.

Come early before they are all gone

WHITMAN & SON,

119 Main St., Bangor, Me.

jy8 eod concorp

Surviving Partners' Notice.

The subscribers hereby give public notice to all concerned, that they have been duly authorized, and have taken upon themselves the trust of closing up the affairs of the late firm of E. Mansfield & Co., of which

EDWARD MANSFIELD, late of Orono,

in the County of Penobscot, has deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. They therefore request all persons who are indebted to the said firm, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to them.

EDWARD W. MANSFIELD, } Surviving
ISRAEL W. MANSFIELD, } Partners.

Orono, June 29th, 1895

july1 3w

BLANKETS.

We are on duty day and night and will promptly respond to any call, day or night, city or country.

It is well to remember this.

[illegible],

19 East Market Square, Bangor, Me.

TELEPHONE 201-3.

Fred S. Nye, Assistant.

Branch Office, Main St., Bar Harbor.

Lawford & Wakefield, Agents.

jun15 W&S

[illegible]'S CELEBRATED

FINE AND MEDIUM GRADE

LYFORD & WOODWARD.

On the Corner

jun6 TTS

Wanted.

Galvanized Iron and Plumbing Work to be done in a workmanlike manner and at lowest prices, by

[illegible] & [illegible]

jun19 W&S

The Only Remedy in the World that Refunds Purchase Price if it Fails to Cure the Tobacco Habit in 4 to 10 Days is

Narcoti-Cure

It Cures While You Continue the Use of Tobacco.

The greatest discovery of the age!
A certain, pleasant, permanent cure.
A lifetime's suffering ended for $5.00.
Why smoke and spit your life away?
Why suffer from dyspepsia, heartburn, and ruin on your vital forces?

Stop using tobacco, but stop the right way. Drive the nicotine from your system by the use of this wonderful remedy.

NARCOTI CURE is warranted to remove all desire for tobacco in every form, including Cigar, Cigarette, and Pipe Smoking, Chewing and Snuff Taking.

Use all the tobacco you want while under treatment, and in from four to ten days your "hankering" and "craving" will disappear—the weed won't taste good.

Then throw away tobacco forever.

NARCOTI-CURE is entirely vegetable and free from injurious ingredients. It never fails to give tone and new vigor to the weakest constitution.

Remember NARCOTI-CURE doesn't deprive you of tobacco while effecting a cure, doesn't ask you to buy several bottles to be entitled to a guarantee, doesn't require a month's treatment, and finally, doesn't enable you to stop tobacco only to find yourself a slave to the habit of tablet chewing.

With NARCOTI CURE, when you are through with tobacco, you are through with the remedy. One bottle cures.

Send for book of prominent testimonies like the following:

HUNTINGTON, MASS. March 18, 1895.
THE NARCOTI CHEMICAL CO.,
Springfield, Mass.

Gentlemen:—I have used Tobacco for over twenty five years, chewing, and smoking every day from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m., stopping only for meals.

On Monday February 4, I called at your office in Springfield, and took a bottle of the CURE which I used as directed next on the third day the desire for tobacco had left me and it has not returned. I did not lose a meal while taking the CURE. My appetite has improved and I consider NARCOTI CURE a grand thing.

Very respectfully,
CHAS. J. TINCOLN.

Mr. Frank H. Morton of Chicopee Falls, Mass. late Inspector of Public Buildings for Massachusetts, says:

I used tobacco for twenty five years, and was a confirmed smoker. In just eight days treatment with NARCOTI CURE I was through with tobacco in fact the desire for tobacco no more like a dream.

Very respectfully,
FRANK H. MORTON.

If your druggist is unable to give full particulars about NARCOTI-CURE, send to us for Book of Particulars free or send $5.00 for bottle by mail.

DEANE & STEVENS,
Maine Agents.
478½ CONGRESS ST.,
PORTLAND MAINE

[illegible]'S CELEBRATED

when all our summer clothing is going at HALF the price it ought to bring.

Our famous hot weather suits are only half the weight of warm suits, but have double the comfort in them—cool enough for day—warm enough for evening—nice enough and cheap enough for everybody.

Clothing may make a man cool and happy, or warm and miserable. Take your choice. We sell the pleasing kind. We like to please people and can please you if you let us.

The season is fast advancing and soon it will be time for Winter Clothing.

We prefer SACRIFICING the balance of our stock of **Spring and Summer Clothing** rather than carrying them over to another season.

Besides we want the room for the elegant line of Winter Goods now in process of manufacture in our own workrooms.

[illegible] & [illegible]

Manufacturing Clothiers.

jul8 eod

SEE HERE. SEE HERE.

WHAT THE

EAST SIDE MARKET

HAS TO OFFER FOR YOUR SATURDAY AND SUNDAY DINNERS:

The Best of Beef to be had, together with a choice lot of Spring Lambs, Spring Chickens, Turkeys, Veal and Pork, and also fresh Green and Wax Beans, Green Peas, Tomatoes, Asparagus, Bunch Beets, Bunch Carrots, Scullions, Beet Greens, Spinach, Cucumbers, Boston and Native Lettuce, New Potatoes, Cabbage and Squash. Don't fail to order from

SULLIVAN & BURKE'S,

No. 2 Harlow Street.

jun9

Special Notice.

We wish to call the attention of Excursion, Picnic and Camping Out Parties to our fine and complete stock of goods especially adapted for such parties. We claim to be the best fitted store in Bangor for filling such orders. Our goods are all new and fresh, of the finest quality and lowest prices. We give our personal attention to all orders and guarantee perfect satisfaction. We pack and deliver F. O. B. cars, boat or express.

MEATS.

Ferris Ham and Bacon, Tongue, Boneless Cooked Ham, Boned Chicken and Turkey, Dried Beef and Pickled Lambs' Tongues.

SARDINES.

Phillipe & Canaud's, French Boneless, Norwegian Smoked and French Picnic.

PICKLES.

Gurkins, Chow Chow, Mixed, Tiny Tims, Spiced Midgets, White Onions and Pickled Walnuts.

GAME PATES.

Truffled Chicken, Truffled Wild Duck, Truffled Quail, Truffled Woodcock, Truffled Pheasant, Truffled Partridge, Truffled Grouse.

CHEESE.

Plain Farm Dairy, Roquefort, Pargon, Club House and Edam.

BEVERAGES.

Mineral Waters, all kinds, Belfast, Cheuat Club and Sweet's Ginger Ale, Sweet's Root Beer, Lime Juice, Lemon Juice and Raspberry Cordial.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Pate De Foie Gras, Puree Pate De Foie Gras, Anchovy Paste, Bloater Paste, Curried Rabbit, Irish Sausage, Wild Boars Head, Strasboung Meat, Deviled Ham, Tongue, Turkey and Chicken.

CRACKERS AND BISCUIT.

We have an endless variety of Kennedy's and Huntley & Palmer's goods in bulk and small boxes. Always fresh.

FRUIT.

We make a specialty in this line and always have all the market affords and of the finest quality.

We have everything else usually kept in a first-class grocery store. The next time you go on a picnic, excursion or camping out trip let us fill your order and see if you are not better served than ever before.

JAMES A. SNOW & CO.,

25 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.

BIG DROP

IN OUR

SUMMER CLOTHING.

From now until July 4th we shall sell from our Summer Stock at Greatly Reduced Prices. Everything marked down.

Men's and Boys' Suits, Boys' Shirt Waists, Bicycle Stockings and Sweaters, Men's Negligee and Outing Shirts.

The finest line of Summer Ties and Straw Hats, all marked down and must be sold.

FRANK D. QUEEN & CO.

Corner of State and Exchange Streets, Bangor, Me.

jun29

CLOSING DAY

Of the American Institute of Instruction.

Several Interesting and Instructive Papers Read.

Election of Officers and a Sail Down the Bay.

PORTLAND July 11. This morning's meeting of the American Institute of Instruction was largely attended.

George H. Conley, supervisor of schools, Boston spoke on "What the Community Owes Our Schools."

My subject, said Mr. Conley, opens up a wider range of educational needs and possibilities. The State provides that the people shall maintain their schools and to the people she entrusts their organization and supervision. On the intelligence, interest and care, therefore, of the people it depends whether the schools shall prosper. It is apparent that having made a wise choice of members of the school committee and having supplied the sum of money sufficient or adequate to carry on a liberal and enlightened educational policy, the community has acquitted itself of much of its obligation to the rising generation.

There are essential steps to be taken, but they do not include all that should be done by and for the school on the part of the people. Invariably no the schools reflect the sentiment of the community and correspond with the popular demand as to what they should be. Therefore, it rests upon every citizen, as an essential obligation to society, to do his full share in creating, and in building up and in sustaining in the community a sentiment that makes for the best in education in all its forms. The active and warm support of the citizens and their encouragement to the teachers and pupils will give a character and tone to the schools which must needs be widely felt. The question of economy is the one that most frequently conflicts with real progress in the schools.

In the cities the cry of economy has long barred the door to the introduction of new studies and does much still to delay and prevent the adoption of better methods. In the country, where the great misfortune of the schools is in the meagre support, what injustice has been permitted in the name of economy and what outrages are still perpetrated. The most important improvement in recent years under a liberal and enlightened policy, has been the introduction of manual training schools and no community is doing justice by its school that does not provide for some form of manual training in them.

There is now no question that manual training, and I include cookery and sewing in the term, may be introduced into the schools, without weakening or injuring the other branches of study. In fact they serve to strengthen and improve the other studies. While the question may remain undecided as to what kind of manual training is best to introduce into the schools, it is necessary that drawing, which is the foundation of all manual training, should hold an important place in the curriculum. While it is extremely desirable to acquire the practical, the supreme value and importance of the ideal should not be ignored.

By leading children to a knowledge and appreciation of the beautiful in nature, in art and in literature we open to them the avenues that lead to the highest pleasures and prepare them for a more complete existence. The movement for object lessons in art culture has taken deep root and its refining influences, as years go on will accumulate in force and surely be a source of uplifting to higher and nobler aspirations.

The influence of the public library working in harmony with the spirit of the school, with the single object of the highest welfare of the people is a most important agent in the promotion of the prosperity, morality and culture of the community.

Regarding private schools, which are said to be the greatest menace to the public schools, the speaker said the best remedy to be applied by the community is to make the public schools equally as attractive as the private schools in programs of study, in school building and in school equipment. Make the public school so good in every feature that no school can be made better. But there should be no antagonism between these schools rather a healthy rivalry to do what will tend to the most good for the public we face.

The speaker closed with a word as to the recognition of teachers, saying that among the men in the profession teaching ranks far below the other learned professions. Indeed it is a question whether teaching has as yet attained in this country the dignity of a profession.

President George C. Chase of Bates College, Lewiston spoke on "What Schools Owe to the Community."

Pres't Chase's Address.

"What the School Owes to the Community" was the subject of the second morning paper by President George C. Chase, of Bates College. The public school, said he, is the living embodiment of a great purpose—the purpose of the American commonwealth to attain its full stature, to work out its complete destiny. All other popular institutions whether national state or municipal, are partial and limited, both in scope and aim. The school alone has a purpose as comprehensive as it is illimitable, as the wealth, the aspiration and the possibilities of the community that it represents. What does the school owe to the community. The furtherance of every interest by which the community may attain its peculiar and appropriate ideal.

We may reverently sum up the obligations of any school system to its community by saying that it exists that the people may have life and may have it more abundantly. Or we may express our thought more concretely by declaring that the school pays its debt to the community in proportion as it develops good citizens.

What are the requisites of good citizenship? Obviously a people's industries, using the word in its large sense, are the basis of all prosperity. A nation of vagabonds and idlers is a nation of paupers.

A people will be great and prosperous in proportion to the number of its industrious citizens. It will be weak and miserable in proportion to the number of its slinks. Plainly, then the school owes the community a curriculum and administration suited to the development and promotion of a prosperous, industrial life.

While no public school should attempt to take the place of the old apprenticeship system and to turn out carpenters, machinists dentists or blacksmiths, it should afford such general training, both intellectual and manual as will help the boy to find himself and his place in the industrial and social life in which he is soon to become a factor.

We should insist upon that training of eye, ear and hand which imparts the sense of harmony, the skill, and the good taste so essential to the wise use and enjoyment of life. Whatever one's calling or profession. Want a magazine of forces now wasted or unused would be utilized, could the public school help each pupil wisely to choose his life course? What needed correction would be given to that false popular sentiment which insists that a gentleman must have soft hands and flabby muscles.

The introduction of nature study into our schools has wonderfully broadened their resources and quickened the life of our children. There is no surer way to arrest the tide of immigration to the town, to make our fields and forests beautiful and productive, and to restore dignity and satisfaction to rural life, than to enrich our schools the medium through which our children shall be introduced to the beauty and the beneficence of nature.

The discharge by the school of its first debt to the community goes far toward insuring the payment of the second—the development of intelligent patriotism.

It is plain truth, without exaggeration, that the schools of our country are shaping the moral forces that will ultimately rule or ruin our free institutions. And there are some elements in a sound character for which the school is almost solely responsible. One of these is that sense of obligation to the community which will make private interests seem small and mean when balanced against the common well-being. The development of this sense in his pupils should be to every teacher the test of his success.

Supt. W. F. Beckwith, of Acton, Mass., spoke on "Departmental Instruction."

Mr. Beckwith's Address.

He said:—The application of this system of instruction to the primary schools is not proposed by anybody. In colleges, and, to a large extent in high schools, it appears to be inevitable. These facts leave the grammar schools as the debatable ground. This topic is further limited by the existence of rural schools, where it is impossible, while in other places the system is encouraged by the manner in which the schools are organized. The real question for discussion is not the pleasure or the convenience of teachers, but the good of the pupils. The amount of available experience is not sufficient to furnish an incontestable answer. There are many arguments on both sides.

The difference in ability and taste among teachers seem to indicate that no mere efficiency of teaching there would certainly be an immense gain if each teacher could be assigned to such subjects as would be most agreeable and for which the teacher is best prepared. On the other hand it is argued that the tendency of teaching in a limited field is narrowing to the teacher and that this would be injurious to the pupils. But it should be remembered that the tendency of the present grade system is also narrowing and it may well be doubted whether the departmental method of instruction would be more open to criticism.

One objection arises from the supposed difficulty of making a correlation of subjects under this system. This danger can be at least somewhat obviated by making the departments consist of groups of related subjects rather than separate branches. The principal of the school should also be expected to have influence to unify the work and when his tenure is comparatively permanent this could not fail to be the case. If the pupils and teachers will also be led to regard the course as a unit and the school as a whole, and while some teacher might seem to be thus deprived of individual and personal power to some extent the corps as a whole would have greater power and really great teachers would gain rather than lose in influence. A good understanding among teachers would be absolutely necessary and this of itself would be a great gain.

Resolutions were adopted thanking the Board of Trade and local committees for the entertainment.

The following officers were elected: President C. F. Emmerton of Biddeford; Secretary Lewis H. Meader, Providence; Assistant Secretaries W. F. Beckwith, Adams Mass.; Treasurer James W. Webster, Malden; Assistant Treasurer I. F. Crump, New Haven; Councillors, W. W. Stetson, Auburn; W. T. S. Bartol, Cambridge; E. A. Hill, Cambridge; A. P. Marchester, Providence, R. I.; Thomas B. Stockwell, Providence; Charles D. Rice, Hartford; Geo. H. Martin, Lynn, Mass.; Hiram Nashua, N. H.; Ray Green, Huling Cambridge; A. G. Boyden, Bridgewater; J. Dunton, Newton; A. M. C. Johnson, Mt. W. A. Mowry, Hyde Park; Benj. F. Tweed, Cambridge; E. Walton, Newton.

The convention then adjourned sine die.

This afternoon the steamer Day Star took all the members and their friends and local teacher down the bay and back. They started in time for the evening trains. The banquet was called

FOREIGN NEWS.

Some New Records Made

LONDON, July 11. At Canterbury today Wetherly and Rosser of Australia bicycled a mile in one minute and 4 seconds, beating the record. Wood Green and Chase rode three miles 6 minutes, 36 seconds, making a new record.

Slight Skirmishes

HAVANA July 11. General Salcedo commander of the first military district reports that government troops have had slight skirmishes with insurgents in Matanzas. Six of the rebels were killed. The government loss was two killed and seven wounded. The insurgent camp was captured by the troops and a quantity of arms etc. fell into their hands.

Pigeon Shooting Contest

AIX LES BAINS July 11. In the championship pigeon shooting contest here yesterday Ghido won the gold medal killing fifteen birds. Edouard Deschamps divided the second prize killing fourteen out of fifteen. Dreyfus and Deschamps won other sweepstakes.

To Force Payment

LANCHI July 11. Two German warships have arrived here to support the demand made by the German government for the payment of an indemnity of $40,000 for the murder some weeks ago of a German subject.

An Alleged Interview with Ambassador Eustis

PARIS July 11. The Figaro will publish the alleged interview with Ambassador Eustis declares that three of the United States representatives conversed with Mr. Eustis at the embassy on May 12 and secured the information from him which was subsequently used as the basis of an interview. It is understood however, from the papers, that Mr. Eustis on whatever terms did during the conversation was informed as private.

Disparaging Remarks

LONDON, July 11. The Sporting Life says it regrets disparaging remarks made by certain well known persons at Henley in the presence of American newspapermen. It adds these remarks gave an entirely false idea of how the English press and sporting public regard the crew of the Cornell crew. We were glad to receive them. Their return company will be welcome again. We shall not be inconsolable if on future occasions the tables are turned.

Comments of the English Press

The Sportsman says: The Leander crew are avenged. The Cornell crew had to take their punishment. We should be something more than human if we did not triumph. There were taunting cries here and there from the banks of "give you right for yesterday," and that certainly was the widespread feeling. It was sweet revenge to see Cornell wiped out in that decisive almost contemptuous fashion. Bygones should be bygones. We can afford to forgive Cornell now when had they won in all stages, the least we could have felt would have been something like contempt for the tactics by which they won. As it is no harm was done. They deserved the lesson they had been taught. To the credit of the Cornell crew be it said some of them on Tuesday were eager to annul the row over and make a race.

The Chronicle says: The Cornell crew were completely rowed out. This was doubtless due to their pushing stroke and to overtraining.

The Telegraph says that Cornell was thoroughly overmatched.

The Post says: English style, length and leg work proved invincible. A more miserable collapse than that which occurred in the Cornell boat was never seen before. Every man rowed in his own time. At one moment it looked as though they must upset.

The Daily News says: Tuesday's race gave the Americans possibly quite undeservedly the reputation of being poor boatsmen and also made the public desperately anxious to see the Trinity Hall crew score at the expense of the visitors. It was a significant sign of the feeling created that scarcely a single cheer was raised for the losers, which was quite a contrast to the vociferous applause bestowed on the Argonauts after their plucky struggle Tuesday.

The Westminster Gazette says: The born of the Americans is no longer exalted. The English crowd cannot forgive them. Therefore they exult that the Cantabs defeated Cornell. To stick to the letter of the law is right enough, but the Americans would have achieved lasting popularity, if instead of sticking to the letter, they had observed the spirit of the law.

The Sportsman says it is inclined to think that Cornell did perfectly right in refusing to row over the course Tuesday as is why should not the Leander crew have been ready, as the cry "not fair" have been louder. A member of the Oxford University boat club has written a letter to the papers contending that Mr. Willard's decision on Tuesday was correct. The Americans, it adds, whether or not they are quite satisfied, did the right thing. They will return convinced that we are fair dealing.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HER LETTER

TELLS A WOMAN'S STORY.

Written for Eyes of Other Women.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

There is inestimable pleasure in doing good to others, and joy in a grateful recognition of the act.

I live on the old York Road, Huntington Park, Philadelphia, dwells Miss M. Downs, whose portrait we give. She desires that her case may be stated as a means of benefiting others. She says: "*Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound has cured me of Kidney trouble, painful menstruations, and headaches. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I cannot describe my feelings before I took it. The pain in my back was dreadful, and during menstruations the agony I suffered nearly drove me wild; and then my head would ache for a week, and now I'm as all over, thanks to your good remedy. I trust my testimonial will lead others to take it and be cured. They can find it at any drug store. Our druggist says the demand for it is very large, it is helping so many sickly women."

BREWER ADVERTISEMENTS

INSURANCE.

Fire, Life and Accident.

B. E. FARRINGTON,

41 Brewer Savings Bank, Brewer, Me.

apl1

STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON & BANGOR Steamship Co.

SUMMER SERVICE 1895.

Commencing Monday, July 8th, 1895 steamers leave Bangor for Hampden, Winterport, Bucksport, Searsport, Belfast, Lincolnville, Camden, Rockland and Boston, daily, except Sunday, at 11.00 A. M.

RETURNING.

From Boston, daily, except Saturday, at 5.30 P.M. From Rockland, daily, except Monday, at from 10.00 A.M., touching at Camden, Northport, Belfast, Searsport, Bucksport, Winterport and Hampden.

HENRY T. SANBORN, Agent, Bangor.
WILLIAM H. HILL, Gen. Manager, Boston.

apl20 tf&w

Bangor and Bar Harbor Steamboat Co.

Commencing April 30,

STEAMER CIMBRIA

Will leave Bangor every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 7.30 A.M.

Hampden 8.00 A.M., Winterport 8.45, Bucksport 9.30, Sandy Point 10.00, Fort Point 10.15, Castine 11.00, Isleboro 11.20, Lincolnville 12.00, Blake's Point 2 P.M., Belfast 2.30, Searsmont 12.45, Deer Isle 1.00, Sedgwick 1.30, Bass Harbor 3.00, S.W. Harbor 4, N.E. Harbor 4.15, Seal Harbor 4.30, arriving at Bar Harbor at 5 o'clock.

Steamer will make landing at Goose Cove, Sedgwick and Mondays.

Returning, leaves Bar Harbor for Bangor, MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 7 o'clock, arriving in Bangor at 5 o'clock.

S. H. BARBOUR, Manager.

apl27

Bangor and Bar Harbor Steamboat Co.

Six Trips per Week, beginning

JUNE 24, 1895.

The new

STEAMER : TREMONT,

Capt. H. W. Barbour, will leave Bangor MONDAY and FRIDAY at 7.30 A.M. for Bar Harbor, touching at all river landings, Castine, Isleboro, Hughes Point, Deer Isle, Brooklin, Goose Cove, and South West Harbor RETURNING will leave Bar Harbor at 7 A.M. Tuesday and Saturday.

GREEN'S LANDING.

Leave Bangor every Wednesday at 7.30 for Green's Landing, touching same landings as far as Sedgwick and Brooklin.

RETURNING—Will leave Green's Landing at 7 A.M. for Bangor, touching Brooklin, Sedgwick, Deer Isle, Isleboro, Castine, and all river landings, connecting with the Steamer Castine at Castine for Belfast. jun22

SATURDAY : NIGHT : BOAT

WILL BEGIN ON JULY 6.

The New and Elegant Steamer

SEDGWICK

Will leave Bar Harbor wharf, Bangor, at 8.00 P.M. for Sandy Point, Fort Point, Castine, Isleboro and Hewes' Point, touching at all river landings.

Returning Monday

Leaves Hewes' Point 5.00 A.M., Ryder's Cove 5.15 A.M., Castine 5.45 A.M., Fort Point 6.30 A.M., Sandy Point 6.45 A.M., arriving at Bangor at 9.00 o'clock.

SAM'L H. BARBOUR, Manager.

apl6 tf

BANGOR & ROCKLAND LINE.

Boston & Bangor Steamship Co.

Steamer "ROCKLAND," Capt. Nelson H. Weed, will leave Bangor daily (except Sunday), at 6.00 A.M. for Hampden, Winterport, Bucksport, Fort Point, Belfast, Northport, Camden, and is due in Rockland at 12.00 M.

RETURNING,

Leave Rockland 12.30 P.M., Camden 1.15 P.M., Northport 2.25 P.M., Belfast 2.40 P.M., For Point 3.00 P.M., Bucksport 4.35 P.M., Winterport 5.15 P.M., Hampden 5.40 P.M., arriving in Bangor at 6.00 P.M.

Meals of superior quality served on board.

HENRY T. SANBORN, Agent, Bangor.
WILLIAM H. HILL, Gen. Mgr., Boston.

apl6

JEWETT'S LABRADOR.

for which we are sole agents in Bangor and Brewer, do the above in the most approved manner.

Easy to Clear and Very Durable.

We also keep in stock a large and varied line of less expensive refrigerators and ice chests in hard and soft woods.

Agents for the Celebrated Triple Lotion White Mountain Rapid Freezers

and dealers in WATER COOLERS of all styles and sizes.

WOOD AND BISHOP CO.,

41 and 42 W. Market Square,

BANGOR, MAINE.

apr29 MWF

DIRECTIONS for using

CREAM BALM.

Apply a particle of the Balm well up into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

ELY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Colds. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed, and gives relief at once. Price 50 cents, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

apr20 WFMSwt

COLD IN HEAD

BREWER LOCALS.

Mr. A. E. Rogers went to Oldtown yesterday on a short business trip.

Miss Lida Patten, of Dedham, is visiting with friends in Ellsworth for a short time.

Raspberries and blueberries are now plentiful in the market and are selling at a reasonable figure.

Mr. Orson A. Moore has gone to Boston to attend the Christian Endeavor convention and visit friends.

Mr. Lorenzo Patter has returned to Ellsworth after a visit at his former home in the neighboring town of Dedham.

Volunteer Circle of King's Daughters held a meeting yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Castellon at her home on Holyoke street.

Mrs. John' A. P. Farnham, of Millbridge, arrived yesterday for a visit with City Clerk O. C. Farnham on Penobscot street.

Mrs. A. W. Rich of Boston, who has been visiting friends in this city, has gone to Bucksport for a stay before returning home

Quite a number of Brewer people went down river yesterday on the annual excursion of the Columbia street Baptist church, of Bangor.

The steam tug Delta of the Ross fleet is hauled out at Warren's dock where her condensers are being soldered and other slight repairs made on her.

Mr. Thomas Rooney returned home yesterday morning from Moosehead Lake where he has been at work making some repairs on the steamer Comet.

Mr. A. A. Kenney, who has taken the contract to build Mr. A. G. Ray's new house on Brimmer street, has the frame up and will push the work as fast as possible.

Mrs. Reed and daughter, Miss Mabel Reed, of East Boston, are visiting friends in this city, the former at South Brewer and Miss Reed with Miss Minnie Cochran, on Union street.

The First M. E. Sunday school, which voted to have its annual excursion this year to Phillips Lake, has decided to go to Camden instead and the date has been fixed for Friday, the 18th inst.

The members of the Excelsior Hose Company are considering the advisability of purchasing fire badges for the company and a meeting is called at the hose house next Monday evening. A full attendance is desired.

The work of putting the three extra faucets in Oak Hill cemetery was commenced yesterday and to-day the water will be turned on and ready for use. Having the water at convenient points in the yard will be greatly appreciated.

Black Stockings.

"It seems to me," said the man of moderate means, "that the man who invented black stockings has never had his due, and I would like to say a word for him even at this day.

"It is a well known fact that 30 or 40 years ago, when men wore white stockings, a crack in the top of a boot or shoe was a serious matter. In blackening a considerable amount of extra labor was required, as well as a considerable amount of extra blacking, in order thoroughly to black the stocking under the crack so that it wouldn't show through. But even with all this extra expenditure of labor and blacking the final result was often distressing. When the man came to take his foot down from the chair or wherever he had placed it while blacking it, if the shoe shifted, however slightly, upon the foot thus restored to its natural position, an edge of white showed through under the crack.

"But the black stockings changed all that. There was a saving of labor to begin with, a greater saving of blacking, a greater saving than all in the pride of the wearer of broken boots. Blessed be the man who first invented black stockings!"—New York Sun.

Beriberi.

The disease is not common in this country, and the word has a heathen sound. The word is Cingalese, from "beri, weakness." The reduplication is intensive. Another spelling, "beriberia," is sometimes found. The disease is acute, generally presenting dropsical symptoms, with paralytic weakness and numbness of the legs. It prevails chiefly in India. In 1879 the number of such patients in India amounted to 9,873. Some say that in this disease there is scurvy from the first.—Boston Journal.

Photographic Silver.

It is often the case that photographers have on hand more or less gelatin emulsion that has become unfit for use. The silver in this is valuable, and they would like to know how to recover it. The following process, given by an expert, will be found both simple and effectual: Dissolve the emulsion in warm water; let it slowly heat until perfectly fluid; add a small quantity of hydrochloric acid and boil briskly for three minutes. The silver is precipitated and remains in the bottom of the vessel, while the liquid at the top may be poured off. The sediment should be carefully removed and placed in a bottle with a tightly fitting cork. It is often desirable for photographers to have a hand some simple and inexpensive compound for obscuring parts of negatives. Lampblack added to asphaltum varnish until the mixture is perfectly opaque will answer this requirement admirably. The lampblack should be of the finest quality, and the compound must be kept in glass stoppered bottles.—New York Ledger

Salva-cea

(TRADE MARK),

the modern curative,

Hits The Mark

EVERY TIME.

Major and Inspector-General E. A. GARLINGTON writes:

"WASHINGTON, D. C.,
Apr. 21, 1895.

"I have used SALVA-CEA for soreness or rheumatic pains in the muscles of my arm, which is disabled from a gun shot wound involving the elbow joint; relief was quick and complete."

Two sizes, 25 and 50 cents. At druggists, or by mail.

THE BRANDRETH CO., 274 CANAL ST., N.Y.

Allcock's Corn Shields, Allcock's Bunion Shields,

Have no equal as a relief and cure for corns and bunions.

Y. P. S. C. E.

Opening of the Convention in Boston Wednesday.

Three Great Mass Meetings Held in Mechanics Hall and Tents.

Interesting Report of General Secretary Baer.

BOSTON, July 11. The mass meetings of the great Christian Endeavor Convention began at 9.30 this morning in Mechanics Hall and tents Endeavor and Williston.

Long before that hour, Mechanics Hall was packed to the doors, which were closed, and when musical director Percy S. Foster, of Washington, rose to lead the opening praise service, thousands of people thronged the rest of the building and the avenue to gain admittance.

President Francis E. Clark, D. D., occupied the chair. Rev. Smith Baker, D. D., of Boston, conducted the devotional exercises, and after the singing of the welcome hymn, written for the occasion by Rev. S. F. Smith, D. D., author of America, Rev. A. H. Plumb, D. D., delivered the welcome of the city pastors, and Hon. S. D. Capen then welcomed the delegates in behalf of the committee of '95.

Gov. Greenhalge was greeted with cheers and waving of handkerchiefs when he rose to deliver the welcome of the commonwealth of Massachusetts. He said in part: Massachusetts with all her heart and mind welcomes this noble society to its borders. It is fitting that there representative of a Christian commonwealth should extend its greeting. Massachusetts, kneeling upon the desolate seashore and committing her fortunes and future to God was a Christian Endeavorer. This is only a rediscovery of a very ancient society. Every true working Christian was, whether he knew it or not, a member of the distinguished order.

In what fitter place could you hold your assembly than this? There are cities of larger population than Boston, but it is the quiet work that tells and Massachusetts is a quiet worker. As you visit our historic spots you can hear the echoes of the grandest story of human liberty, law, order, progress, justice, equality and liberty ever told to mortal beings.

It is not in material wealth that the greatness of a state or municipality consists, it is in the riches of the spirit, in the cultivation of the mind. Under all and above all is the spirit that has moved 50,000 human beings to gather in Boston to-day, to protest in the Master's name their willingness to do him service whose service is perfect freedom.

The response on behalf of the board of trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor and visiting Endeavorers was delivered by Rev. E. R. Dille, of San Francisco.

After referring to the significance to Endeavorers of the historical spots around Boston, he said that to-day's problems, more serious and complex than ever before, demanded a high and pure type of patriotism. They cannot be settled by policemen or soldiers; only righteousness can solve them. If Christianity fails in America, America fails, and humanity fails; while if we can make the United States truly Christian, we can give to Christ the sovereignty of the world.

The presence of these internation conventions in our great centres of population, commerce and thought rebukes the pessimism, skepticism and materialism of the age and a timely testimony to the fact that holy enthusiasm, sincere faith and sterling Christian manhood are more real and vital than ever before.

In closing he expressed the hope that the convention would come to San Francisco in 1897. The meeting closed with the reading of the report by General Secretary John Baer of the United Society of Christian Endeavor.

The Christian Endeavor Wheel by John Willis Baer.

Every useful wheel must have its hub. Every hub, to be useful, should have its wheel. Figuratively speaking, Christian Endeavor is a useful wheel; certainly Boston is the Hub. As we are in the Hub, let us turn the wheel upon its axis, and from the hub view its revolutions. Its circumference equals that of the globe, and its spokes number thousands upon thousands. Each year the circumference of the Christian Endeavor wheel widens; each year thousands of spokes are added. Last year our wheel was strengthened by 7,750 new societies (or "spokes" if you please). This is the largest increase for any one year since the "wheel" commenced revolving, fourteen years ago.

"Spoke" after "spoke" passes our vision rapidly in this whirl of inspection, in all 41,229. Of these 4,712 are from other lands, the United Kingdom heading the list with 2,045, which figure includes 190 from Wales, 112 from Scotland, and 53 from Ireland. Australia now has no less than 1,509; Africa, 30; China, 32; France, 64; India, 117; Japan, 59; Madagascar, 93 Mexico, 25; Turkey, 39; West India Islands, 63; and so on till every country is represented, save five, Italy, Russia, Iceland, Sweden and Greece.

And now the "spokes" from the Dominion of Canada come into view. Ontario, with her remarkable growth of the last year, leads with 1,095; Nova Scotia, 388; Quebec, 264; New Brunswick, 152; Manitoba, 156; Prince Edward Island, 62; Assiniboia, 53; British Columbia, 40; Alberta, 15; Saskatchewan, 5. In all, counting five in Newfoundland, 3,105, an increase of 1,223 during the past year.

And now our view from the "Hub" discloses the balance of the wheel, all bearing the familiar colors of the "Stars and Stripes." Pennsylvania still leads with 4,139; New York next with 3,882; Ohio, 2,787; Illinois, 2,446; Indiana, 1,702; Iowa, 1,563; Massachusetts, 1,309; Kansas, 1,247; Missouri, 1,138; Michigan, 1,082; New Jersey, 1,045, etc. In all, from the United States, 33,412, as against 28,606 last year.

And now for the Juniors. In addition to the 3,859 Junior "spokes" from the United States, there are 339 from Canada and 224 from other lands, making in all 9,122 Junior societies, with a membership of 340,000. While the numbers of Juniors were included in the enumeration by States, it will be interesting to know that Pennsylvania still leads the Juniors, with 1,023 New York not very far behind, with 920; Illinois next, with 746; Ohio, 623; Indiana, 470; California, 414, etc.

And now we have mounted the "spokes" as they have swept our vision. A total of 41,229 societies, with an individual membership from every clime and every nation, with skins of varying colors, of which 480 are red, 20,300 are yellow, 109,400 are black, and 2,343,560 are white; in all, a great interracial brotherhood of 2,473,740.

After careful gathering of other statistics and information, and from advice received from the representatives of missionary boards, home and foreign, we find that the societies in the United States and Canada have contributed not less than $125,000 for missions at home and abroad.

Tent Endeavorer on Boston Common

was filled to its utmost capacity this forenoon at the first service held by the Christian Endeavorers under this immense canvas.

At 9.30 when the praise and prayer service began, the tent was about half filled, but an hour later not a seat could be had among all the nearly 10,000 provided and many were standing around the outside aisles. There were nearly 11,000 persons in attendance, and it was a gathering bubbling over with inspiration.

The interior of the tent was tastefully decorated with a profusion of American flags on all sides, and around the canvas were festooned the names of all nations with stars and stripes alternating all the way round with the flags of foreign nations. Over the platform was a Christian Endeavor banner with "Welcome" underneath it in the C. E. colors.

Rev. John T. Beckley, D. D., trustee of New York, presided at this meeting, and George C. Stebbins, of Brooklyn, was director of the large chorus and of the congregational singing. The audience remained so quiet and attentive all through that the addresses could be heard in all parts of the tent.

The exercises opened with the hymn, "Onward Christian Soldiers," the chorus being led by Winlow Simons, of West Medford, on the cornet.

Rev. W. H. Allbright, of Boston, presided over the devotional exercises which followed, and in his brief opening remarks said that in this half hour there was just time to make an appropriate beginning for all this series of meetings and what was wanted was a repetition of Pentecost in the very beginning of this convention. He then offered a short prayer and read from the Scriptures the second chapter of the Acts of the Apostles.

"Hear Us, O Saviour" was then sung and a short testimony from individuals throughout the gathering was given, many so eager and earnest to speak that at times two or three were speaking together. This was followed by short prayers and "There Is Sunshine in My Soul" was sung.

Mr. Allbright was very happy in presiding over these exercises, which were closed with a prayer by Rev. Elijah Horr, D. D., of Worcester.

The presiding officer then asked all ministers and missionaries and their wives to rise and come to the platform while "I Will Sing the Wondrous Story" was being sung, and some 150 responded to the invitation.

Then was sung the "Hymn of Welcome" written for the occasion by Rev. S. F. Smith, author of "America," the audience rising and joining with the chorus.

Mr. A. J. Crockett, president of the Boston local union, then extended a welcome to all in behalf of the Christian Endeavorers of the "Hub of the Universe."

At the close of his remarks, Mr. Crockett presented President Beckley with a gavel, the head of which was made from a piece of wood taken from the old Hancock house.

Rev. Martin D. Knoeland, D. D., of Boston then extended a welcome to the city pastors and his address was a very happy one. "Christian Endeavor," he said, "is God's high geared bicycle which will take his good word with great speed around the world. It is misnaming us to call us "Cold Roast Boston," for we give welcome and we have a hearty appreciation of honest worth."

His reference to the common school as being the direct offspring of the little red school house met with great applause.

After the hymn, "True Hearted Whole Hearted," Lieut. Governor Roger Wolcott was introduced and delivered a stirring address, replete with patriotic sentiments.

"America" was then sung, followed by "God Save the Queen" and "Blest be the tie that binds."

Rev. John Henry Barrows, D. D., of Chicago, then gave an able address which was a response on behalf of the board of trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor and visiting Christian Endeavorers. The convention in Chicago he said, was almost nothing to this.

"All Hail the Power of Jesus Name" was then sung and Rev. Henry C. McCook of Philadelphia made a brief address, in which he said that he had learned that Boston has a hospitality that is not limited to the hub but runs through all the spokes to the very periphery.

After a hymn Mr. J. E. Cheesman, of Cleveland, Ohio, read the report of See'y Baer, which was followed by singing and adjournment.

At Tent Williston.

The services in Tent Willston opened at 9.30 with the expected large audience. The crowds filed in slowly, however. The ushers were unimpressed and there was room for every one. A select chorus some 5000 voices led in the praise service which was conducted by Mr. George K. Somerby of Boston. Rev. Wayland Hoyt, D.D., of Minneapolis, Minn., presided and after a few words of welcome, announced the devotional exercises which were led by Rev. Asher Anderson of Meriden, Conn.

A gavel was presented to the meeting, the head of which was made from one of the pews of the Old South Church and the handle from one of the gallery rails of old Faneuil Hall; also a block from the old State House. These articles were presented by Mr. Charles E. Allen of the executive committee and accepted in a brief speech by the chairman.

The hymn of welcome by Rev. S. F. Smith was also sung here. Rev. Dr. Smith was called for by the audience and the chairman stated that Dr. Smith would speak at every meeting.

The welcome of the committee of 1895 was extended by Geo. W. Coleman, vice-chairman of the committee of thirteen:

The Chairman of the Thirteen—Welcome of Samuel B. Capen to Delegates.

As chairman of the committee of thirteen, it is my privilege and pleasure to speak this first word of welcome. But I speak not only for the committee of an unfortunate number, but also for the whole chorus of 5,000 voices, for the committees on entertainment and accommodation and all the rest, yes, for the more than 5,000 Christian Endeavorers who have for some way been joyously helping to prepare for your coming.

We welcome you, first, because you have come in the name of Christ. Christian Endeavor stands for Christ enthroned. It must never be forgotten that this a first, last, and always a religious gathering. There is no other name but that of Christ that would draw this more than 50,000 people together.

Massachusetts and Boston, its capital, have many attractions. It is the old Pilgrim commonwealth to which the children and the grandchildren love to come from all over the land. Here is Plymouth Rock and the Cradle of Liberty; but it is not for those that you are here to-day, but because of your loyalty to a personal Christ.

Some of you have come a long journey across the ocean and the continent at a sacrifice of time and strength to gather with us at the feast. We are from different nations and live under different flags; we belong to various religious sects, but as Christian Endeavorers all such distinctions are forgotten.

This Christian Endeavor army is the grandest the world has ever seen. It speaks of the greatest movement of this generation and is rounding out magnificently this great missionary century. With its nearly three millions of members, it is belting the world with its light and with the enthusiasm of its service for Christ. And yet we are only two years in our teens and we have only just begun to live and to grow. We have no less a purpose than to conquer this whole world for God and truth.

Rev. A. S. Gumbart, of Boston, gave the welcome of the city pastors and announced that he was plain Gumbart and not a D. D.

Hon. Edwin N. Curtis, Mayor of Boston, being unable to be present to give the welcome in behalf of the city, his place was supplied by Chairman Alpheus Sanford, of the Board of Aldermen, who expressed briefly the pleasure he felt in welcoming the Christian Endeavorers to Boston, his gratification at the good work the society was doing, and the honor he felt in being called on to welcome them in the Williston tent, a tent made in honor of the church where the movement had its birth.

After the singing of "America," responses to the words of welcome were made by the visiting Endeavorers.

Rev. W. N. Page, D. D., of Leavenworth, Kansas, spoke of western men as descendants of those younger sons, who made their journey into a far country and had now come back to get pork and baked beans and veal in the old home.

Miss Cora B. Bickford of Biddeford, Maine, gave an earnest acknowledgement of the appreciation of the welcome received.

Rev. Walter H. Brooks, D. D., a colored delegate from Washington, D. C., spoke feelingly of the honors that had come unsought to his race from the Christian Endeavor movement.

Mr. G. Tower Ferguson, of Toronto, Ont., spoke for the British provinces. He thought the words of welcome came too late. The visitors had already had twenty-four hours of welcome.

Delayed trains prevented several other responses from being made. Secretary Baer's report was read by Rev. John Barstow, of Medford, Mass. The exercises closed with the doxology and the benediction.

"NOTHING VENTURE, NOTHING HAVE.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement. It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mon.

It is the medicine above all others for catarrh, and is worth its weight in gold. I can use Ely's Cream Balm with safety and it does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

jy3 WFM&wkw

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A good appetite and refreshing sleep are essential to health of mind and body, and these are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DRIVEN FROM HOME.

Smoky Hill River Overflowed Its Banks.

Hundreds of People Take Refuge in School Buildings.

Crops Have Been Destroyed and Stock And Buildings Washed Away.

SALINA, Kansas, July 11. The Smoky Hill river has overflowed and five hundred people have been driven from their homes and have taken refuge in the school buildings, being cared for by citizens. Crops have been destroyed and stock and buildings were carried away.

Condensed Despatches.

The steamer Kite with the Peary relief expedition on board sailed from St. Johns, N. F., for Greenland at daylight, Thursday morning.

Information reached here that J. P. Alsipp, formerly organizer of anarchists in Chicago, was found murdered at Socorro, N. M., a few days ago. His head had been cut off and was missing. In Chicago, Alsipp was a pupil of Parsons and Spies.

Fennell of the Connell crew, who collapsed in the boat Wednesday, was much better Thursday, but he has not entirely recovered from his exhaustion.

The Salt City Manufacturing Company went into the hands of a receiver yesterday. The value of the property involved is fully $600,000 and the plant will be sold in a short time to satisfy the claims of the creditors.

CARICATURES OF PUBLIC MEN.

The President Is Said Not to Take Kindly to Such Productions.

Bernhard Gillam of Judge says that most men like to be caricatured. "When I want a man's photograph, I write to him and tell him I have nothing that is good to get his features from, and though he knows I'm going to use it against him he almost always sends on the picture. A cartoonist can make a politician by keeping him before the public. Most of them rather enjoy seeing themselves twisted out of shape. You know Mr. Gladstone knighted Tenniel after all Punch's ridicule. I once caricatured George William Curtis rather severely. A few days later I received a very pleasant note, with a photograph, saying that from my work he judged my picture of him was very old and rather poor, and he wanted to give me a better chance in future. That was a man we were fighting and picturing in stays.

"David B. Hill enjoys being caricatured. I once drew him as a dog run mad with a tin pail labeled 'Presidential Aspirations' tied to his tail. I was going up the country. At the station I saw him, and feeling a little delicate about the matter I went through the train to my car to avoid meeting him on the platform. To my surprise, he met me at the door, and as we spoke asked why I had avoided him. I told him frankly. He said: 'My dear boy, never feel that way. I don't mind the least bit.' I like it. The more you pound the better for me. If you keep drawing awful pictures of me, people all over the country will think I'm a good deal of a man.' On the other hand, ex-Senator Hiscock doesn't like to be caricatured. Neither does Mr. Cleveland. He is quite sensitive.

"You've heard of Louis Philippe's pear shaped head. Mr. Cleveland has one also, which is most pronounced. We look for circles and squares and animals in heads. William M. Evarts shows squares. Animals are the easiest. Almost every face suggests something of the kind. It is so easy to make a bearded man with glasses, like Charles A. Dana, into an owl.

"We have to be simpler than the old engravers, who worked for a limited public, and our cartoons are more general in application. It doesn't do to use Dante, splendid as he would be for suggesting themes. I once worked out a fine idea—a series founded on 'The Ancient Mariner'—but I had to give it up. I was afraid too many people would ask, 'Who was Coleridge?'"—New York Tribune.

Credited With Honesty.

"It would appear from the remark that a Dresden manufacturer made to me in Germany a few months ago," said a Pittsburger to a Dispatch reporter, "that only honest Americans go to Europe. I went to his manufactory to buy some china, and after selecting quite a line I asked him to ship it to my home in Pittsburg, America. Then I requested him to tell me how much he wished me to pay upon it. 'Not anything,' was his reply. I was somewhat astonished, as I was a stranger to the man, so I asked, 'But you are not acquainted with me. How do you know you will get you money?' 'Why, I am sure of my money,' he replied, 'for you are an American. Americans never fail to pay. It is the only nationality I would trust on its name alone. When I sell to an American, he always pays. I have sold many thousands of dollars' worth of stuff in this way to Americans and have never lost the least sum.' This was rather surprising to me, for in dealing at home I had never met such flattering evidences of American integrity. But I was pleased to note that we had such a reputation abroad, even if it were not a criterion of what was to be found at home. Deadbeats seem to be a domestic luxury and are not exported."

The First Knitting Machine.

Historic mention of hand knitting is first found in the books of the time of Queen Elizabeth, though it is known that it was one of the arts of the Pompeiians. The first machine for knitting was the invention of one William Lee, who made application for a patent in England in 1589. On being refused a patent by the English authorities, he forthwith departed for France and soon afterward set up a large factory at Rouen. The Lee machine, which remained the same as it was 200 years before, was introduced in the colonies during the Revolutionary war. A sharp Yankee improved on it and set up the first United States stocking factory at Canoes, N. Y., in 1832.—St. Louis Republic.

All the Same to Him.

Starting from her sleep, she seized her husband convulsively by the nose and one eyelid.

"John," she cried, "there's a burglar going through your trousers pockets!"

"What do you wake me for?" irritably demanded the head of the house. "Settle it between yourselves."—De Kalb Tribune.

Not His Kind.

"Here's the latest thing in watches," said the dealer, "a watch all waterproof case."

"I believe," said Mudge, "that's one that could be soaked would be better suited to my needs."—Indianapolis Journal.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Mrs. Maud Elliott's "art talk" will be the thing at Bar Harbor this summer.

Since the recent change in the conditions the pessimists are taking only 10 per cent. off Maine's hay crop now.

Ex-Governor H. M. Plaisted and family and Mrs. Plaisted's mother, Mrs. Hill, are at the Islesborough, Ryder's Cove.

Joe Hughes, one of the best known Indians of the Oldtown colony, was robbed of $117 Tuesday night in Boston. Nellie McCarthy, a young woman, was arrested for the crime.

The buildings of Levi Staples at Sandy Point were entirely destroyed by fire Sunday night. It is thought the fire was caused by a tramp lodging in the stable. The loss is heavy and the insurance only $1,000.

Foxcroft held another town meeting Tuesday to take action in relation to drawing the stagnant water from the brook crossing Lincoln street near the grist mill. It was voted to pass the article. The plan of building a road wall on Lincoln street was discussed and left with the selectmen. Twenty-five dollars was appropriated to repair the road near the Lee school house.

The Houlton *Pioneer* says several men in the vicinity lost money at what is known as the shell game, during a recent visit of a circus there. Two of the losers at Island Falls put their cases into the hands of Parker P. Burleigh, 2nd, of Houlton, who came up with the company at Brownville, and under threat of taking the proprietor back to Island Falls for a hearing before Trial Justice Denham, for allowing gambling to be carried on in connection with his show, made the management refund the swindled money and pay costs.

There is a controversy between Eastport and Perry over the question of the support of an insane woman. It was first thought that the woman was the wife of James Pottle, of Eastport, and she was brought to him, but Pottle proved that she was no relative of his. The woman was then taken back to Perry and left with one of the Perry overseers, but she came back, or was brought back, in the night. Perry people then went to Calais and got out a writ for the arrest of Newcomb for leaving at Perry an insane pauper who, they claim, has no claim, has no legal residence there. Wednesday two constables from Perry went to Eastport and arrested Mr. Newcomb and took him to Calais to appear before the court there.

A statue of Gen. Grant by Franklin Simmons, the Maine sculptor, which the Grand Army of the Republic intended to place in statuary hall at the national Capitol, is said to have been rejected by the library committee of Congress because it does not look like Gen. Grant. This is stated in a Washington dispatch to the Brooklyn *Standard-Union*, which says also that many soldiers who served under Grant "looked at it in amazement, and said that it bore no resemblance whatever to the hero of Appomattox." This moves the Springfield *Republican* to remark: "No criticism on a statue by Franklin Simmons could surprise one more than that he had failed in likeness. It was a knack at portraiture which determined his career as a sculptor, and his portrait busts have been always admired—Lincoln, Gen. Sherman, Admiral Porter, Blaine, are among the subjects; and if we remember aright, he was given the commission for his statue of Grant because of the portrait bust he executed about ten years ago. It is possible there is some mistake about this."

EASTERN MAINE FAIR.

The Full List of Entries for the Races at the Annual Exhibition in This City.

The entries for the coming Eastern Maine State Fair races closed a number of days ago and the list has just been placed in the regular tabulated form. It is as follows:

FOALS OF 1893, TROT AND PACE, PURSE $300.

W. H. Marrett, Boston, Mass., b s, Woven Wind.
W. D. Haley, So. Gardiner, b f, Julia.
Geo. A. Tibbetts, Rowley, Mass. br s, Thymo
C. L. Nelson, Waterville, Conquest Star.

2.50 CLASS, TROT, PURSE $300.

Walter F. Webb, Augusta, b s, Baby Wilkes.
Walter F. Webb, Augusta, ch s, Mozart.
Ralph Foster, Lewiston, blk g, Eddie B.
F. J. Merrill, Damariscotta, ch s, Ginger.
A. S. Church, Augusta, b s, Pure B.
L. C. Morse, Pittsfield, b g, Glen Seer.
W. D. Haley, So. Gardiner, gr m, Pauline.
Chas. T. Stackpole Gardiner, ch g, Ludlow.
J. F. McCausland, Hallowell, Lady Broadway.
E. R. Nickerson, Augusta, b m, Elizabeth N.
J. B. P. Wheelden, Bangor, b m, Lady Forest.
M. M. Dodge, Bangor, b s, Claude Nelson.
J. B. P. Wheelden, Bangor, b m, Dolly B.
H. L. Williams, Hartland, g g, Wellington R.
P. Rz Wellman, b m, May Queen.
C. H. Nelson, Waterville, ches m, Jannetta.
James Fickett, Bangor, b m, Nettie Rolfe.
James Fickett, Bangor, b m, Amy J. Rolfe.
C. H. Nelson, Waterville, ch c John D.
C. H. Nelson, Waterville, b m, Lucy.
J. L. Ellingwood, Bangor, blk g, Black Crook, Jr.

RUNNING RACE, FLAT, PURSE $200.

Walter G. Jones, Halifax, N. S., b m, Reckless.
Barry D. Wood, Gays River, N. S., b m, Ida May.
Frank McManus, Charlestown, Mass., b g, Monmouth.
E. H. Turnbull, St. John, N. B., ch s, Jumpaway.
Geo. F. Wallace, Sackville, N. B., b m, Kathleen.
Walter McMonagle, Sussex, N. B., b g, St. Valentine.

2.40 CLASS, TROT, PURSE $300.

John A. Cousins, Stillwater, r g, John A.
Walter F. Webb, Augusta, b s, Baby Wilkes.
Walter F. Webb, Augusta, b g, Millard.
A. S. Church, Augusta, b s, Pure B.
L. C. Morse, Pittsfield, b g, Glen Seer.
W. D. Haley, S. Gardiner, g m, Pauline.
Chas. T. Stackpole, Gardiner, ch g, Ludlow.
E. R. Nickerson, Augusta, b m, Elizabeth N.
C. G. Andrews, Bangor, blk g, Denver.
A. E. Russell, Buckfield, ch m, Nellie Pratt.
J. B. P. Wheelden, Bangor, b s, Oldmark.
Chas. Boyle, Fredericton, N. B., g m, Helena B.
R. W. Sawyer, Calais, b g, Robert A.
F. R. Wellman, b m, Mary Queen.
C. H. Nelson, Waterville, ch m, Jannetta.
J. L. Ellingwood, Bangor, blk g, Black Crook, Jr.

2.35 CLASS, TROT, PURSE $300.

D. E. Clement, Lewiston, ch f, Mildred H.
E. W. Curtis, Fort Fairfield, b g, Ray Rap.
Thos. B. McAloon, Bangor, ch m, Fanchon.
W. G. Reynolds, Winslow, Geneva W.
W. D. Haley, S. Gardiner, b m, May Gift.
J. F. McCausland, Hallowell, Mystic Girl.
A. E. Russell, Buckfield, br s, Prince Boy.
C. G. Andrews, Bangor, br s, Bailey.
C. H. Nelson, Waterville, b f, Ouida.
S. S. Goodwin, Bangor, b g, Lucky Nelson.
J. L. Ellingwood, Bangor, blk g, Black Crook.

RUNNING RACE, FLAT, PURSE $200.

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Barry D. Wood, Gays River, N. S., b m, Ida May.
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John A. Cousins, Stillwater, r g, John A.
Amasa L. Stevens, Bangor, gr m, Gipsy B.
M. M. Dodge, Bangor, b s, Claude Nelson.
C. G. Andrews, Bangor, b g, Denver.
J. B. P. Wheelden, Bangor, b m, Dolly B.
J. B. P. Wheelden, Bangor, b s, Oldmark.
Lewis Fickford, Bangor, Lorin A.
F. A. Billington, Orrington, b m, Expectation.
James Fickett, Bangor, b m, Amy J.
James Fickett, Bangor, b m, Nettie Rolfe.
C. G. Andrews, Bangor, b g, Chester.
J. L. Ellingwood, Bangor, blk g, Black Crook, Jr.
J. P.

THE

BRYANT & STRATTON

COMMERCIAL

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BOSTON.

RE-OPENS SEPT. 3d, 1895.

THE COURSE OF STUDY

is complete and practical. Experts in the duties and work of every life.

THE FACULTY

[illegible] cheerful and enthusiastic workers.

THE STUDENTS

[illegible] from the foremost families.

THE DISCIPLINE

[illegible] unobjectionable.

THE PATRONAGE

LARGEST [illegible] in the world.

THE REPUTATION

[illegible] for [illegible] and leadership and [illegible] Unrivaled Institution of its kind generally [illegible].

SPECIAL COURSE.

[illegible] Typewriting, Commercial Law, [illegible].

SITUATIONS

in business houses for [illegible] graduates.

[illegible] illustrated circular free.

H. E. HIBBARD, Principal.

More Bargains!

[illegible] to offer [illegible] during the month of August.

1 Piano Square,	$50 00
1 Organ nearly new,	35 00
1 Organ N. England,	25 00

[illegible] already [illegible].

M. H. ANDREWS,

52 Mill Street, Bangor.

aug21

PROPOSALS.

[illegible] COUNTY [illegible] sealed proposals [illegible] and [illegible] the following [illegible] Bridges [illegible] Tuesday [illegible] August [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] Bridges [illegible] Creek [illegible] Bridges [illegible] Creek [illegible] Bridges [illegible] Creek